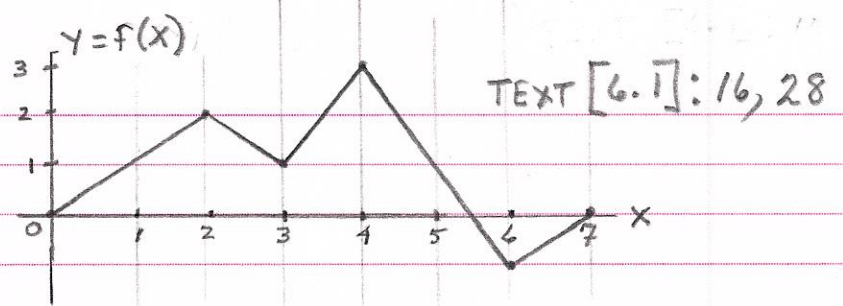


[6.1] #16

(a) $f(3)=1$ $f(7)=0$

(b) $f(0)=0 \therefore x=0$

$f(7)=0 \therefore x=7$



TEXT [6.1]: 16, 28

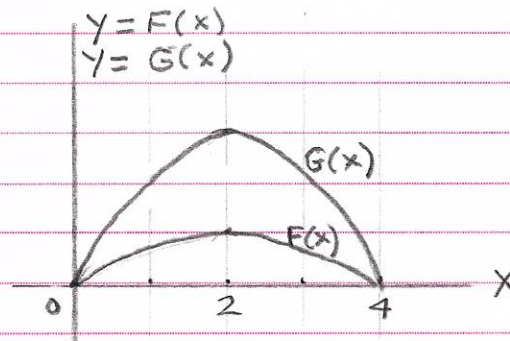
#28

$F(0)=0$

$G(0)=0$

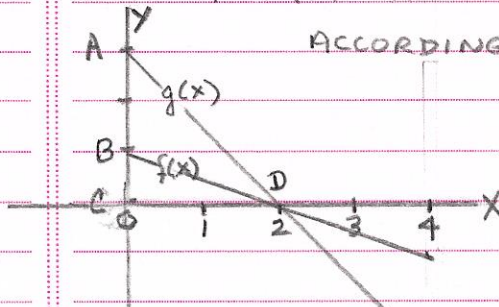
$F(4)=0$

$G(4)=0$



GIVEN:

BOTH $y=F(x)$ AND $y=G(x)$ HAVE A LOCAL MAX AT $x=2$.



ACCORDING TO THE GIVEN GRAPH,

THE AREA OF $\Delta ACD \approx \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = 3$

THE AREA OF $\Delta BCD \approx \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 1$

$\therefore G(0) \approx 3 \cdot F(0)$

" \approx " IS USED BECAUSE WE DON'T HAVE UNITS ON THE Y AXIS, BUT IT APPEARS THAT $g(0) \approx 3 \cdot f(0)$.

BOTH $G(x)$ AND $F(x)$ HAVE A LOCAL MAX AT $x=2$.

$G(2)$ IS APPROXIMATELY $3 \cdot F(2)$.

[6.2]

TEXT [6.2]: 42, 58, 70

$$(42) \int (4e^x - 3\sin x) dx = \boxed{4e^x + 3\cos x + C}$$

$$(58) \int_1^2 \frac{1+y^2}{y} dy = \int_1^2 \frac{1}{y} + y dx$$

$$= \left[\ln|y| + \frac{1}{2}y^2 \right]_1^2$$

$$= \left(\ln 2 + \frac{1}{2}(2)^2 \right) - \left(\ln 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1^2 \right)$$

$$= \ln 2 + 2 - 0 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{\ln 2 + \frac{3}{2}}$$

2.193

$$(70) \begin{array}{l} y_1 = e^x - 2 \text{ on } [0, 2] \\ y_2 = 0 \text{ (x-axis)} \end{array} \int_0^2 e^x - 2 - 0 dx = \text{AREA}$$

$$y_1(0) = e^0 - 2 = -1 \quad = e^x - 2x \Big|_0^2$$

$$y_1(2) = e^2 - 2 \quad = (e^2 - 4) - (e^0 - 0)$$

$$\boxed{\text{AREA} = e^2 - 5}$$

2.387

$$\begin{array}{l} e^x - 2 = 0 \\ e^x = 2 \\ x = \ln 2 \end{array} \quad - \int_0^{\ln 2} (e^x - 2) dx + \int_{\ln 2}^2 (e^x - 2) dx$$

$$- \left[e^x - 2x \right]_0^{\ln 2} + \left[e^x - 2x \right]_{\ln 2}^2$$

$$- \left[2 - 2\ln 2 - (e^0 - 2 \cdot 0) \right]$$

$$- \left[1 - 2\ln 2 \right] + \left[e^2 - 4 - (e^{\ln 2} - 2\ln 2) \right]$$

$$-1 + 2\ln 2 + e^2 - 4 - 2 + 2\ln 2$$

$$-7 + 4\ln 2 + e^2$$

[6.3]

TEXT [6.3]: 18, 20

[18]

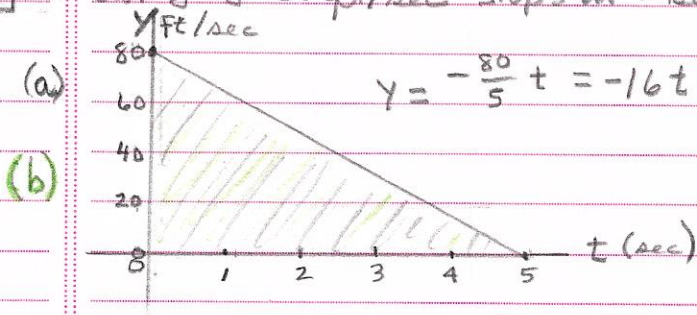
$$MC = 3q^2 + 6q + 9$$

(a) $MC = q^3 + 3q^2 + 9q + K$

(b) $\text{TOTAL } C = q^3 + 3q^2 + 9q + 400$

[20]

Car going 80 ft/sec stops in 5 sec.



(c) $\text{AREA} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot 80 = 200 \text{ FT}$

(d) $\int_0^5 -16t + 80 \, dt$

$$= -8t^2 + 80t \Big|_0^5$$
$$= -8(25) + 80(5) - 0$$
$$= -200 + 400$$
$$= 200 \text{ FT}$$